Adopted Rejected

## **COMMITTEE REPORT**

YES: 12 NO: 0

## MR. SPEAKER:

Your Committee on <u>Local Government</u>, to which was referred <u>Senate Bill 216</u>, has had the same under consideration and begs leave to report the same back to the House with the recommendation that said bill be amended as follows:

1	Replace the effective dates in SECTIONS 1 through 4 with
2	"[EFFECTIVE UPON PASSAGE]".
3	Page 1, between the enacting clause and line 1, begin a new
4	paragraph and insert:
5	"SECTION 1. IC 5-2-10.5-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
6	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 6. The board is
7	composed of the following members:
8	(1) The executive director of the department of fire and building
9	services or the executive director's designee.
10	(2) The chairperson of the board of firefighting personnel
11	standards and education.
12	(3) The director of the state emergency management agency or
13	the director's designee.
14	(4) The commissioner of the department of environmental
15	management or the commissioner's designee.
16	(5) The state fire marshal or the state fire marshal's designee.

1	(6) The deputy director of the emergency medical services
2	division of the state emergency management agency or the
3	deputy director's designee.
4	(7) Five (5) individuals appointed by the governor, not more than
5	three (3) of whom may represent the same political party, as
6	follows:
7	(A) A professional firefighter.
8	(B) A volunteer firefighter.
9	(C) A public safety employee who is not a firefighter.
10	(D) A municipal or county building inspector.
11	(E) A member of the medical profession.
12	SECTION 2. IC 9-19-14.5-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
13	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 1. A privately owned
14	vehicle belonging to a certified paramedic, certified emergency
15	medical technician-intermediate, certified emergency medica
16	technician-basic advanced, certified emergency medical technician
17	certified emergency medical service driver, or certified emergency
18	medical service first responder while traveling in the line of duty in
19	connection with emergency medical services activities may display
20	green lights, subject to the following restrictions and conditions:
21	(1) The lights may not have a light source less than fifty (50)
22	candlepower.
23	(2) All lights shall be placed on the top of the vehicle.
24	(3) Not more than two (2) green lights may be displayed on a
25	vehicle and each light must be of the flashing or revolving type
26	and visible at three hundred sixty (360) degrees.
27	(4) The lights must consist of a lamp with a green lens and not of
28	an uncolored lens with a green bulb. However, the revolving
29	lights may contain multiple bulbs.
30	(5) The green lights may not be a part of the regular head lamps
31	displayed on the vehicle.
32	(6) For a person authorized under this chapter to display a green
33	light on the person's vehicle, the person must first secure a written
34	permit from the director of the state emergency managemen
35	agency to use the light. The permit must be carried by the person
36	when the light is displayed.
37	SECTION 3. IC 9-30-6-6 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS
38	[EFFECTIVE IIII V 1 2003]: Sec. 6 (a) A physician or a person

1	trained in obtaining bodily substance samples and acting under the
2	direction of or under a protocol prepared by a physician, who:
3	(1) obtains a blood, urine, or other bodily substance sample from
4	a person, regardless of whether the sample is taken for diagnostic
5	purposes or at the request of a law enforcement officer under this
6	section; or
7	(2) performs a chemical test on blood, urine, or other bodily
8	substance obtained from a person;
9	shall deliver the sample or disclose the results of the test to a law
10	enforcement officer who requests the sample or results as a part of a
11	criminal investigation. Samples and test results shall be provided to a
12	law enforcement officer even if the person has not consented to or
13	otherwise authorized their release.
14	(b) A physician, a hospital, or an agent of a physician or hospital is
15	not civilly or criminally liable for any of the following:
16	(1) Disclosing test results in accordance with this section.
17	(2) Delivering a blood, urine, or other bodily substance sample in
18	accordance with this section.
19	(3) Obtaining a blood, urine, or other bodily substance sample in
20	accordance with this section.
21	(4) Disclosing to the prosecuting attorney or the deputy
22	prosecuting attorney for use at or testifying at the criminal trial of
23	the person as to facts observed or opinions formed.
24	(5) Failing to treat a person from whom a blood, urine, or other
25	bodily substance sample is obtained at the request of a law
26	enforcement officer if the person declines treatment.
27	(6) Injury to a person arising from the performance of duties in
28	good faith under this section.
29	(c) For the purposes of this chapter, IC 9-30-5, or IC 9-30-9:
30	(1) the privileges arising from a patient-physician relationship do
31	not apply to the samples, test results, or testimony described in
32	this section; and
33	(2) samples, test results, and testimony may be admitted in a
34	proceeding in accordance with the applicable rules of evidence.
35	(d) The exceptions to the patient-physician relationship specified in
36	subsection (c) do not affect those relationships in a proceeding not
37	covered by this chapter, IC 9-30-5, or IC 9-30-9.

(e) The test results and samples obtained by a law enforcement

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1	officer under subsection (a) may be disclosed only to a prosecuting
2	attorney or a deputy prosecuting attorney for use as evidence in a
3	criminal proceeding under this chapter, IC 9-30-5, or IC 9-30-9.
4	(f) This section does not require a physician or a person under the
5	direction of a physician to perform a chemical test.
6	(g) A physician or a person trained in obtaining bodily substance
7	samples and acting under the direction of or under a protocol prepared
8	by a physician shall obtain a blood, urine, or other bodily substance
9	sample if the following exist:
.0	(1) A law enforcement officer requests that the sample be
.1	obtained.
2	(2) The law enforcement officer has certified in writing the
.3	following:
4	(A) That the officer has probable cause to believe the person
.5	from whom the sample is to be obtained has violated
6	IC 9-30-5.
7	(B) That the person from whom the sample is to be obtained
8	has been transported to a hospital or other medical facility.
9	(C) That the person from whom the sample is to be obtained
20	has been involved in a motor vehicle accident that resulted in
21	the serious bodily injury or death of another.
22	(D) That the accident that caused the serious bodily injury or
23	death of another occurred not more than three (3) hours before
24	the time the sample is requested.
25	(3) Not more than the use of reasonable force is necessary to
26	obtain the sample.
27	(h) If the person:
28	(1) from whom the bodily substance sample is to be obtained
29	under this section does not consent; and
80	(2) resists the taking of a sample;
31	the law enforcement officer may use reasonable force to assist an
32	individual, who must be authorized under this section to obtain a
33	sample, in the taking of the sample.
34	(i) The person authorized under this section to obtain a bodily
35	substance sample shall take the sample in a medically accepted
86	manner.
37	(i) A law enforcement officer may transport the person to a place

other than a hospital where the sample may be obtained by any of the

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1	following persons who are trained in obtaining bodily substance
2	samples and who have been engaged to obtain samples under this
3	section:
4	(1) A physician holding an unlimited license to practice medicine
5	or osteopathy.
6	(2) A registered nurse.
7	(3) A licensed practical nurse.
8	(4) An advanced emergency medical technician technician-basic
9	advanced (as defined in <del>IC 16-18-2-6</del> IC 16-18-2-112.5).
10	(5)Anemergencymedicaltechnician-intermediate(asdefined
11	in IC 16-18-2-112.7).
12	(6) A paramedic (as defined in IC 16-18-2-266).".
13	Page 3, between lines 38 and 39, begin a new paragraph and insert:
14	"SECTION 2. IC 10-14-3-9, AS ADDED BY SEA 257-2003,
15	SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
16	JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 9. (a) The agency shall prepare and maintain a
17	current state emergency operations plan. The plan may provide for the
18	following:
19	(1) Prevention and minimization of injury and damage caused by
20	disaster.
21	(2) Prompt and effective response to disaster.
22	(3) Emergency relief.
23	(4) Identification of areas particularly vulnerable to disaster.
24	(5) Recommendations for:
25	(A) zoning;
26	(B) building;
27	(C) other land use controls;
28	(D) safety measures for securing mobile homes or other
29	nonpermanent or semipermanent structures; and
30	(E) other preventive and preparedness measures designed to
31	eliminate or reduce disaster or its impact;
32	that must be disseminated to both the fire prevention and building
33	safety commission and local authorities.
34	(6) Assistance to local officials in designing local emergency
35	action plans.
36	(7) Authorization and procedures for the erection or other
37	construction of temporary works designed to protect against or
38	mitigate danger, damage, or loss from flood, conflagration, or

1	other disaster.
2	(8) Preparation and distribution to the appropriate state and local
3	officials of state catalogs of federal, state, and private assistance
4	programs.
5	(9) Organization of manpower and chains of command.
6	(10) Coordination of federal, state, and local disaster activities.
7	(11) Coordination of the state disaster plan with the disaster plans
8	of the federal government.
9	(12) Other necessary matters.
10	(b) The agency shall take an integral part in the development and
11	revision of local and interjurisdictional disaster plans prepared under
12	section 17 of this chapter. The agency shall employ or otherwise secure
13	the services of professional and technical personnel capable of
14	providing expert assistance to political subdivisions, a political
15	subdivision's disaster agencies, and interjurisdictional planning and
16	disaster agencies. These personnel:
17	(1) shall consult with subdivisions and government agencies on
18	a regularly scheduled basis;
19	(2) shall make field examinations of the areas, circumstances, and
20	conditions to which particular local and interjurisdictional
21	disaster plans are intended to apply; and
22	(3) may suggest revisions.
23	(c) In preparing and revising the state disaster plan, the agency shall
24	seek the advice and assistance of local government, business, labor,
25	industry, agriculture, civic and volunteer organizations, and community
26	leaders. In advising local and interjurisdictional agencies, the agency
27	shall encourage local and interjurisdictional agencies to seek advice
28	from the sources specified in this subsection.
29	(d) The state disaster plan or any part of the plan may be
30	incorporated in rules of the agency or by executive orders.
31	(e) The agency shall do the following:
32	(1) Determine requirements of the state and political subdivisions
33	for food, clothing, and other necessities in the event of an
34	emergency.
35	(2) Procure and pre-position supplies, medicines, materials, and
36	equipment.
37	(3) Adopt standards and requirements for local and
38	interjurisdictional disaster plans.

1	(4) Provide for mobile support units.
2	(5) Assist political subdivisions, political subdivisions' disaster
3	agencies, and interjurisdictional disaster agencies to establish and
4	operate training programs and public information programs.
5	(6) Make surveys of industries, resources, and facilities in
6	Indiana, both public and private, necessary to carry out this
7	chapter.
8	(7) Plan and make arrangements for the availability and use of
9	any private facilities, services, and property, and if necessary and
10	if the private facilities, services, or property is used, provide for
11	payment for the use under agreed upon terms and conditions.
12	(8) Establish a register of persons with types of training and skills
13	important in emergency prevention, preparedness, response, and
14	recovery.
15	(9) Establish a register of mobile and construction equipment and
16	temporary housing available for use in a disaster emergency.
17	(10) Prepare, for issuance by the governor, executive orders,
18	proclamations, and regulations necessary or appropriate in coping
19	with disaster.
20	(11) Cooperate with the federal government and any public or
21	private agency or entity in achieving any purpose of this chapter
22	and in implementing programs for disaster prevention,
23	preparation, response, and recovery.
24	(12) Do other things necessary, incidental, or appropriate to
25	implement this chapter.
26	(f) The agency shall ascertain the rapid and efficient
27	communications that exist in times of disaster emergencies. The agency
28	shall consider the desirability of supplementing these communications
29	resources or of integrating these resources into a comprehensive
30	intrastate or state-federal telecommunications or other communications
31	system or network. In studying the character and feasibility of any
32	system, the agency shall evaluate the possibility of multipurpose use of
33	the system for general state and local governmental purposes. The
34	agency shall make appropriate recommendations to the governor.
35	(g) The agency shall develop a statewide mutual aid program and a
36	to implement the statewide mutual aid agreement.".

Page 3, line 41, delete "5.6." and insert "10.6.".

Page 3, line 39, delete "IC 10-4-1-5.6" and insert "IC 10-14-3-10.6".

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1	Page 5, line 34, delete "IC 10-4-1-5.7" and insert "IC 10-14-3-10.7".
2	Page 5, line 36, delete "5.7." and insert "10.7.".
3	Page 5, line 37, delete "5.6(a)" and insert "10.6(a)".
4	Page 6, line 6, after "assistance" insert "for disaster response or
5	recovery".
6	Page 6, line 16, delete "Notwithstanding subsection (c), a
7	participating unit" and insert "Except as provided by an agreement
8	entered into under subsection (e), the following labor and
9	equipment reimbursement rates apply to reimbursement under
10	subsection (c):
11	(1) The labor reimbursement rates are as follows:
12	(A) The straight time costs of the labor force of the
13	participating unit rendering assistance shall be reimbursed
14	at the normal pay rates for responding personnel.
15	(B) The overtime costs of the labor force of the
16	participating unit rendering assistance shall be reimbursed
17	at one hundred fifty percent (150%) of the normal pay
18	rates for the responding personnel if it is the normal
19	practice of the requesting unit to pay these personnel
20	overtime.
21	(2) The equipment reimbursement rates are the lesser of the
22	following:
23	(A) The rates for equipment costs reimbursement
24	established by the Federal Emergency Management
25	Agency or its successor agency.
26	(B) The equipment costs established by the participating
27	unit rendering assistance.".
28	Page 6, delete lines 17 through 21.
29	Page 6, line 25, delete "subsection (c)." and insert " <b>subsections</b> (c)
30	and (d).".
31	Page 6, between lines 33 and 34, begin a new paragraph and insert:
32	"SECTION 7. IC 16-18-2-7, AS AMENDED BY P.L.17-2002,
33	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
34	JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 7. (a) "Advanced life support", for purposes of
35	IC 16-31, means care that is given:
36	(1) at the scene of:
37	(A) an accident;
38	(B) an act of terrorism (as defined in IC 35-41-1-26.5), if the

1	governor has declared a disaster emergency under IC 10-4-1-7
2	in response to the act of terrorism; or
3	(C) an illness;
4	(2) during transport; or
5	(3) at a hospital;
6	by a paramedic or an <del>advanced</del> emergency medical <del>technician</del>
7	technician-intermediate and that is more advanced than the care
8	usually provided by an emergency medical technician or an
9	emergency medical technician-basic advanced.
10	(b) The term may include any of the following:
11	(1) Defibrillation.
12	(2) Endotracheal intubation.
13	. ,
13	(3) Parenteral injections of appropriate medications. including
	administration of epinephrine through an auto-injector.
15	(4) Electrocardiogram interpretation.
16	(5) Emergency management of trauma and illness.
17	SECTION 8. IC 16-18-2-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
18	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 10. (a) "Agency", for
19	purposes of IC 16-31-8.5, has the meaning set forth in
20	IC 16-31-8.5-1.
21	<b>(b)</b> "Agency", for purposes of IC 16-41-37, has the meaning set
22	forth in IC 16-41-37-1.
23	SECTION 9. IC 16-18-2-33.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.93-2002,
24	SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
25	JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 33.5. (a) "Basic life support", for purposes of
26	IC 16-31, means the following:
27	(1) Assessment of emergency patients.
28	(2) Administration of oxygen.
29	(3) Use of mechanical breathing devices.
30	(4) Application of anti-shock trousers.
31	(5) Performance of cardiopulmonary resuscitation.
32	(6) Application of dressings and bandage materials.
33	(7) Application of splinting and immobilization devices.
34	(8) Use of lifting and moving devices to ensure safe transport.
35	(9) Use of an automatic or a semiautomatic defibrillator if the
36	defibrillator is used in accordance with training procedures
37	established by the Indiana emergency medical services
38	commission.

1	(10) Administration by an emergency medical technician or
2	emergency medical technician-basic advanced of epinephrine
3	through an auto-injector.
4	(11) For an  emergency  medical  technician-basic  advanced, the
5	following:
6	(A) Electrocardiogram interpretation.
7	(B) Manual external defibrillation.
8	(C) Intravenous fluid therapy.
9	(12) Other procedures authorized by the Indiana emergency
10	medical services commission, including procedures contained in
11	the revised national emergency medical technician basic training
12	curriculum guide.
13	(b) Except as provided by:
14	(1) subsection (a)(10) and the training and certification
15	standards established under IC 16-31-2-9(4);
16	(2) subsection (a)(11)(C); and
17	(3) the training standards established under IC 16-31-2-9(5);
18	in subsection (a)(10) and by the training and certification standards
19	established under IC 16-31-2-9(5), the term does not include invasive
20	medical care techniques or advanced life support. except as provided
21	by the training and certification standards established under
22	<del>IC 16-31-2-9(4).</del>
23	SECTION 10. IC 16-18-2-112.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
24	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
25	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 112.5. "Emergency medical
26	technician-basic advanced", for purposes of IC 16-31, means an
27	individual who is certified under IC 16-31 to provide basic life
28	support at the scene of an accident or illness or during transport.
29	SECTION 11. IC 16-18-2-112.7 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA
30	CODE AS A <b>NEW</b> SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS
31	[EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 112.7. "Emergency medical
32	technician-intermediate", for purposes of IC 16-31, means an
33	individual who can perform at least one (1) of but not all the
34	procedures of a paramedic and who:
35	(1) has completed a prescribed course in advanced life
36	support;
37	(2) has been certified by the Indiana emergency medical
38	services commission;

(3) is associated with a single supervising hospital; and 1 2 (4) is affiliated with a provider organization. 3 SECTION 12. IC 16-18-2-143, AS AMENDED BY P.L.81-2002, 4 SECTION 1, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 5 JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 143. (a) "Fund", for purposes of IC 16-26-2, has the meaning set forth in IC 16-26-2-2. 6 7 (b) "Fund", for purposes of IC 16-31-8.5, has the meaning set 8 forth in IC 16-31-8.5-2. 9 (c) "Fund", for purposes of IC 16-46-5, has the meaning set forth in 10 IC 16-46-5-3. 11 (c) (d) "Fund", for purposes of IC 16-46-12, has the meaning set 12 forth in IC 16-46-12-1. SECTION 13. IC 16-18-2-163, AS AMENDED BY P.L.148-1999, 13 14 SECTION 6, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 15 JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 163. (a) "Health care provider", for purposes of 16 IC 16-21 and IC 16-41, means any of the following: 17 (1) An individual, a partnership, a corporation, a professional 18 corporation, a facility, or an institution licensed or legally 19 authorized by this state to provide health care or professional 20 services as a licensed physician, a psychiatric hospital, a hospital, 21 a health facility, an emergency ambulance service (IC 16-31-3), 22 a dentist, a registered or licensed practical nurse, a midwife, an 23 optometrist, a pharmacist, a podiatrist, a chiropractor, a physical 24 therapist, a respiratory care practitioner, an occupational therapist, 25 a psychologist, a paramedic, an emergency medical technician, or 26 an advanced emergency technician, medical technician-basic 27 advanced, an emergency medical technician-intermediate, or 28 a person who is an officer, employee, or agent of the individual, 29 partnership, corporation, professional corporation, facility, or 30 institution acting in the course and scope of the person's 31 employment. 32 (2) A college, university, or junior college that provides health 33 care to a student, a faculty member, or an employee, and the 34 governing board or a person who is an officer, employee, or agent 35 of the college, university, or junior college acting in the course 36 and scope of the person's employment. 37 (3) A blood bank, community mental health center, community 38 mental retardation center, community health center, or migrant

1	health center.
2	(4) A home health agency (as defined in IC 16-27-1-2).
3	(5) A health maintenance organization (as defined in
4	IC 27-13-1-19).
5	(6) A health care organization whose members, shareholders, or
6	partners are health care providers under subdivision (1).
7	(7) A corporation, partnership, or professional corporation not
8	otherwise qualified under this subsection that:
9	(A) provides health care as one (1) of the corporation's,
10	partnership's, or professional corporation's functions;
11	(B) is organized or registered under state law; and
12	(C) is determined to be eligible for coverage as a health care
13	provider under IC 34-18 for the corporation's, partnership's, or
14	professional corporation's health care function.
15	Coverage for a health care provider qualified under this subdivision is
16	limited to the health care provider's health care functions and does not
17	extend to other causes of action.
18	(b) "Health care provider", for purposes of IC 16-35, has the
19	meaning set forth in subsection (a). However, for purposes of IC 16-35,
20	the term also includes a health facility (as defined in section 167 of this
21	chapter).
22	(c) "Health care provider", for purposes of IC 16-36-5, means an
23	individual licensed or authorized by this state to provide health care or
24	professional services as:
25	(1) a licensed physician;
26	(2) a registered nurse;
27	(3) a licensed practical nurse;
28	(4) an advanced practice nurse;
29	(5) a licensed nurse midwife;
30	(6) a paramedic;
31	(7) an emergency medical technician;
32	(8) an advanced emergency medical technician or
33	technician-basic advanced;
34	(9) an emergency medical technician-intermediate; or
35	(10) a first responder, as defined under IC 16-18-2-131.
36	The term includes an individual who is an employee or agent of a
37	health care provider acting in the course and scope of the individual's
38	employment.

1	SECTION 14. IC 16-18-2-295, AS AMENDED BY P.L.256-1999,
2	SECTION 10, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
3	JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 295. (a) "Provider", for purposes of IC 16-38-5,
4	IC 16-39 (except for IC 16-39-7) and IC 16-41-1 through IC 16-41-9
5	and IC 16-41-37, means any of the following:
6	(1) An individual (other than an individual who is an employee or
7	a contractor of a hospital, a facility, or an agency described in
8	subdivision (2) or (3)) who is licensed, registered, or certified as
9	a health care professional, including the following:
10	(A) A physician.
11	(B) A psychotherapist.
12	(C) A dentist.
13	(D) A registered nurse.
14	(E) A licensed practical nurse.
15	(F) An optometrist.
16	(G) A podiatrist.
17	(H) A chiropractor.
18	(I) A physical therapist.
19	(J) A psychologist.
20	(K) An audiologist.
21	(L) A speech-language pathologist.
22	(M) A dietitian.
23	(N) An occupational therapist.
24	(O) A respiratory therapist.
25	(P) A pharmacist.
26	(2) A hospital or facility licensed under IC 16-21-2 or IC 12-25 or
27	described in IC 12-24-1 or IC 12-29.
28	(3) A health facility licensed under IC 16-28-2.
29	(4) A home health agency licensed under IC 16-27-1.
30	(5) An employer of a certified emergency medical technician, a
31	certified <del>advanced</del> emergency medical <del>technician</del>
32	technician-basic advanced, a certified emergency medical
33	technician-intermediate, or a certified paramedic.
34	(6) The state department or a local health department or an
35	employee, agent, designee, or contractor of the state department
36	or local health department.
37	(b) "Provider", for purposes of IC 16-39-7-1, has the meaning set
38	forth in IC 16-39-7-1(a).

1	SECTION 15. IC 16-18-2-337 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
2	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 337. "Sponsoring" or
3	"supervising hospital", for purposes of IC 16-31, means a hospital:
4	(1) that is licensed under IC 16-21-2 or under the licensing law of
5	another state; and
6	(2) that has been certified by the emergency medical services
7	commission to sponsor or supervise paramedics, advanced
8	emergency medical technicians, technicians-intermediate, and
9	provider organizations in providing advanced life support.
10	SECTION 16. IC 16-31-2-9, AS AMENDED BY P.L.93-2002
11	SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE
12	JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 9. The commission shall establish the following
13	(1) Standards for persons who provide emergency medical
14	services and who are not licensed or regulated under IC 16-31-3
15	(2) Training and certification standards for the use of automatic
16	and semiautomatic defibrillators by first responders.
17	(3) Training and certification standards for the administration of
18	antidotes, vaccines, and antibiotics to prepare for or respond to a
19	terrorist or military attack.
20	(4) Training and certification standards for the administration of
21	epinephrine through an auto-injector by:
22	(A) an emergency medical technician; or
23	(B) an advanced emergency medical technician
24	technician-basic advanced.
25	(5) Training and certification standards to permit the use of
26	antidote kits containing atropine and pralidoxime chloride for
27	the treatment of exposure to chemical agent VX (nerve agent)
28	nerve agents by advanced an emergency medical technicians
29	technician-basic advanced, and emergency medical technicians
30	who an emergency medical technician, or a first responder
31	work for emergency medical service providers located in:
32	(A) a county having a population of more than eight thousand
33	(8,000) but less than nine thousand (9,000);
34	(B) a county having a population of more than sixteer
35	thousand seven hundred (16,700) but less than seventeer
36	thousand (17,000);
37	(C) a county having a population of more than seventeer
38	thousand (17,000) but less than seventeen thousand five

hundred (17.500): 1 2 (D) a county having a population of more than seventeen 3 thousand five hundred (17,500) but less than eighteen 4 thousand (18,000); 5 (E) a county having a population of more than thirty-six thousand (36,000) but less than thirty-six thousand 6 7 seventy-five (36,075); 8 (F) a county having a population of more than thirty-seven 9 thousand (37,000) but less than thirty-eight thousand (38,000); 10 11 (G) a county having a population of more than one hundred 12 five thousand (105,000) but less than one hundred ten 13 thousand (110,000). 14 SECTION 17. IC 16-31-2-11, AS AMENDED BY P.L.127-2001, 15 SECTION 2, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 16 JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 11. (a) The commission shall develop procedures 17 for ongoing review of all emergency ambulance services. 18 (b) The commission may review any pre-hospital ambulance rescue 19 or report record regarding an emergency patient that is utilized or 20 compiled by an emergency ambulance service employing paramedics, 21 emergency medical technicians-intermediate, emergency medical 22 technicians, or advanced emergency medical technicians. 23 technicians-basic advanced. However, except as provided in 24 subsection (d), those records shall remain confidential and may be used 25 solely for the purpose of compiling data and statistics. The use of such 26 data or statistics is subject to IC 4-1-6. 27 (c) The commission may develop and oversee experimental study 28 projects conducted by ambulance service providers in limited 29 geographic areas of Indiana. These study projects must be developed 30 and conducted in accordance with rules adopted by the commission 31 under IC 4-22-2. These study projects must be designed to test the 32 efficacy of new patient care techniques and new ambulance service 33 systems. 34 (d) This subsection applies to emergency ambulance services that 35 are provided by or under a contract with an entity that is a public 36 agency for purposes of IC 5-14-3. The following information, if 37 contained in a pre-hospital ambulance rescue or report record regarding

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an emergency patient, is public information and must be made

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1	available for inspection and copying under IC 5-14-3:
2	(1) The date and time of the request for ambulance services.
3	(2) The reason for the request for assistance.
4	(3) The time and nature of the response to the request for
5	ambulance services.
6	(4) The time of arrival at the scene where the patient was located.
7	(5) The time of departure from the scene where the patient was
8	located.
9	(6) The name of the facility, if any, to which the patient was
10	delivered for further treatment and the time of arrival at that
11	facility.
12	SECTION 18. IC 16-31-3-5 IS AMENDED TO READ AS
13	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 5. (a) The commission
14	shall waive any rule for a person who provides emergency ambulance
15	service, an emergency medical technician, an emergency medical
16	technician-basic advanced, an emergency medical
17	technician-intermediate, a paramedic, or an ambulance when
18	operating from a location in an adjoining state by contract with an
19	Indiana unit of government to provide emergency ambulance or
20	medical services to patients who are picked up or treated in Indiana.
21	(b) The commission may waive any rule, including a rule
22	establishing a fee, for a person who submits facts demonstrating
23	that:
24	(1)compliancewiththerulewillimposeanunduehardshipon
25	the person; and
26	(2) either:
27	(A) noncompliance with the rule; or
28	(B) compliance with an alternative requirement approved
29	by the commission;
30	will not jeopardize the quality of patient care. However, the
31	commission may not waive a rule that sets forth educational
32	requirements for a person regulated under this article.
33	(c) A waiver granted under subsection $(b)(2)(B)$ is conditioned
34	upon compliance with the alternative requirement approved under
35	subsection (b).
36	(d) The commission shall establish an expiration date for any
37	waiver that is granted.
38	(e) The commission may renew a waiver if the person makes the

same demonstration required for the original waiver. 1 2 SECTION 19. IC 16-31-3-10 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 3 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 10. (a) Except as 4 provided in subsection (b), to renew a certificate issued under this 5 chapter upon expiration of the certificate for any reason, a person must comply with any continuing education requirements that have been 6 7 established by the commission. To renew a certificate issued under this 8 chapter after a suspension, revocation or termination of the certificate, 9 a person must comply with all the requirements of this chapter that 10 apply to the original certification. 11 (b) A renewal of an emergency medical technician, an emergency 12. medical technician-basic advanced, an emergency medical 13 technician-intermediate, or a paramedic certificate shall be issued 14 to an individual who meets the following conditions: 15 (1) While holding a valid emergency medical technician 16 certificate, enters the armed forces of the United States, including: 17 (A) the army; 18 (B) the navy; 19 (C) the air force; 20 (D) the marines: or 21 (E) the coast guard; 22 but excluding the guard and reserve components of those forces. 23 (2) Is discharged from the armed forces of the United States 24 within forty-eight (48) months after the individual entered the 25 armed forces. 26 (3) Successfully completes, not more than nine (9) months after 27 the individual's discharge from the armed forces of the United 28 States, a refresher course approved by the commission. 29 (4) Applies for the certificate renewal not more than one (1) year 30 after the individual's discharge from the armed forces of the 31 United States. 32 (5) Passes the written and practical skills examinations. 33 (c) A renewal of an emergency medical technician, an 34 emergency medical technician-basic advanced, an emergency 35 medical technician-intermediate, or a paramedic certificate must 36 be issued to an individual who meets the following conditions: 37 (1) While holding a valid certificate, the individual is called to

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active military duty as a member of the Indiana national

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1	guard or a reserve component of the armed forces of the	
2	United States, including:	
3	(A) the army;	
4	(B) the navy;	
5	(C) the air force;	
6	(D) the marines; or	
7	(E) the coast guard.	
8	(2) The individual provides the emergency medical services	
9	commission with a copy of the document from the armed	
10	forces that called the individual to active duty.	
11	(3) The individual applies for the certificate renewal not more	
12	than one hundred twenty (120) days after the individual	
13	leaves active duty.	
14	SECTION 20. IC 16-31-3-14 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
15	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 14. (a) Except as	
16	provided in subsection (d), after notice and hearing the commission	
17	may suspend or revoke a certificate issued under this chapter for failure	
18	to comply and maintain compliance with or for violation of any	
19	applicable provisions, standards, or other requirements of this chapter	
20	or rules adopted under this chapter. (a) A person holding a certificate	
21	is sued  under  this  article  must  comply  with  the  applicable  standards	
22	and rules established under this article. A certificate holder is	
23	subject to disciplinary sanctions under subsection (b) if the state	
24	emergency management agency determines that the certificate	
25	holder:	
26	(1) engaged in or knowingly cooperated in fraud or material	
27	deception in order to obtain a certificate, including cheating	
28	on a certification examination;	
29	(2) engaged in fraud or material deception in the course of	
30	professional services or activities;	
31	(3) advertised services or goods in a false or misleading	
32	manner;	
33	(4) falsified or knowingly allowed another person to falsify	
34	attendance records or certificates of completion of continuing	
35	education courses required under this article or rules adopted	
36	under this article;	
37	(5) is convicted of a crime, if the act that resulted in the	
38	conviction has a direct bearing on determining if the	

1	certificate holder should be entrusted to provide emergency
2	medical services;
3	(6) is convicted of violating IC 9-19-14.5;
4	(7) fails to comply and maintain compliance with or violates
5	any applicable provision, standard, or other requirement of
6	this article or rules adopted under this article;
7	(8) continues to practice if the certificate holder becomes unfit
8	to practice due to:
9	(A) professional incompetence that includes the
10	undertaking of professional activities that the certificate
11	holder is not qualified by training or experience to
12	undertake;
13	(B) failure to keep abreast of current professional theory
14	or practice;
15	(C) physical or mental disability; or
16	(D) addiction to, abuse of, or dependency on alcohol or
17	other drugs that endanger the public by impairing the
18	certificate holder's ability to practice safely;
19	(9) engages in a course of lewd or immoral conduct in
20	connection with the delivery of services to the public;
21	$\left(10\right)$ allows the certificate holder's name or a certificate issued
22	under this article to be used in connection with a person who
23	renders services beyond the scope of that person's training,
24	experience, or competence;
25	(11) is subjected to disciplinary action in another state or
26	jurisdiction on grounds similar to those contained in this
27	chapter. For purposes of this subdivision, a certified copy of
28	a record of disciplinary action constitutes prima facie
29	evidence of a disciplinary action in another jurisdiction;
30	(12) assists another person in committing an act that would
31	constitute a ground for disciplinary sanction under this
32	chapter; or
33	(13) allows a certificate issued by the commission to be:
34	(A) used by another person; or
35	(B) displayed to the public when the certificate is expired,
36	inactive, invalid, revoked, or suspended.
37	(b) On motion of the commission or on the verified written
38	complaint of an interested person, the director of the state emergency

1	management agency shall conduct an investigation.
2	(b) The state emergency management agency may issue an
3	order under IC 4-21.5-3-6 to impose one (1) or more of the
4	following sanctions if the state emergency management agency
5	determines that a certificate holder is subject to disciplinary
6	sanctions under subsection (a):
7	(1) Revocation of a certificate holder's certificate for a period
8	not to exceed seven (7) years.
9	(2) Suspension of a certificate holder's certificate for a period
10	not to exceed seven (7) years.
11	(3) Censure of a certificate holder.
12	(4) Issuance of a letter of reprimand.
13	(5) Assessment of a civil penalty against the certificate holder
14	in accordance with the following:
15	(A) The civil penalty may not exceed five hundred dollars
16	(\$500) per day per violation.
17	(B) If the certificate holder fails to pay the civil penalty
18	within the time specified by the state emergency
19	management agency, the state emergency management
20	agency may suspend the certificate holder's certificate
21	without additional proceedings.
22	(6) Placement of a certificate holder on probation status and
23	requirement of the certificate holder to:
24	(A) report regularly to the state emergency management
25	agency upon the matters that are the basis of probation;
26	(B) limit practice to those areas prescribed by the state
27	emergency management agency;
28	(C) continue or renew professional education approved by
29	the state emergency management agency until a
30	satisfactory degree of skill has been attained in those areas
31	that are the basis of the probation; or
32	(D) perform or refrain from performing any acts,
33	including community restitution or service without
34	compensation, that the state emergency management
35	agency considers appropriate to the public interest or to
36	the rehabilitation or treatment of the certificate holder.
37	The state emergency management agency may withdraw or
38	modify this probation if the state emergency management

agency finds after a hearing that the deficiency that required disciplinary action is remedied or that changed circumstances warrant a modification of the order.

- (c) Except as provided in subsection (d), the commission may initiate proceedings to suspend or revoke a certificate on the commission's own motion or on the verified written complaint of an interested person. All proceedings to suspend or revoke a certificate shall be conducted in accordance with IC 4-21.5-3.
- (c) If an applicant or a certificate holder has engaged in or knowingly cooperated in fraud or material deception to obtain a certificate, including cheating on the certification examination, the state emergency management agency may rescind the certificate if it has been granted, void the examination or other fraudulent or deceptive material, and prohibit the applicant from reapplying for the certificate for a length of time established by the state emergency management agency.
- (d) The commission or the director may, on finding that the public health or safety is in imminent danger, temporarily suspend a certificate without hearing for not more than ninety (90) days on notice to the certificate holder.
- (d) The state emergency management agency may deny certification to an applicant who would be subject to disciplinary sanctions under subsection (b) if that person were a certificate holder, has had disciplinary action taken against the applicant or the applicant's certificate to practice in another state or jurisdiction, or has practiced without a certificate in violation of the law. A certified copy of the record of disciplinary action is conclusive evidence of the other jurisdiction's disciplinary action.
- (e) On suspension, revocation, or termination of a certificate, the provision of the service shall cease.
- (e) The state emergency management agency may order a certificate holder to submit to a reasonable physical or mental examination if the certificate holder's physical or mental capacity to practice safely and competently is at issue in a disciplinary proceeding. Failure to comply with a state emergency management agency order to submit to a physical or mental examination makes a certificate holder liable to temporary suspension under subsection (i).

1	(f) A written complaint filed with the commission and information
2	pertaining to the complaint are confidential until one (1) of following
3	occurs:
4	(1) Notice is sent under IC 4-21.5-3 that certification suspension
5	or revocation proceedings relating to the complaint or information
6	have been initiated.
7	(2) Notice is sent under section 17 of this chapter that a hearing
8	is to be held concerning the imposition of a fine for a violation
9	relating to the complaint or information.
10	(3) The complaint or information is required to be disclosed by
11	the order of a court.
12	(f) Except as provided under subsection (a) and section 14.5 of
13	this chapter, a certificate may not be denied, revoked, or suspended
14	because the applicant or certificate holder has been convicted of an
15	offense. The acts from which the applicant's or certificate holder's
16	conviction resulted may be considered as to whether the applicant
17	or certificate holder should be entrusted to serve the public in a
18	specific capacity.
19	(g) The commission may suspend or revoke a certificate under this
20	section for not more than seven (7) years from the date the suspension
21	or revocation is effective. After the time set by the commission has
22	expired, the certificate holder may apply for renewal of the certificate
23	under this chapter.
24	(g) The state emergency management agency may deny,
25	suspend, or revoke a certificate issued under this chapter if the
26	individual who holds or is applying for the certificate is convicted
27	of any of the following:
28	(1) Possession of cocaine, a narcotic drug, or
29	methamphetamine under IC 35-48-4-6.
30	(2)  Possession  of  a  controlled  substance  under  IC  35-48-4-7(a).
31	(3) Fraudulently obtaining a controlled substance under
32	IC 35-48-4-7(b).
33	(4) Manufacture of paraphernalia as a Class D felony under
34	IC 35-48-4-8.1(b).
35	(5) Dealing in paraphernalia as a Class D felony under
36	IC 35-48-4-8.5(b).
37	(6) Possession of paraphernalia as a Class D felony under
38	IC 35-48-4-8.3(b).

- 1 (7) Possession of marijuana, hash oil, or hashish as a Class D 2 felony under IC 35-48-4-11.
- 3 (8) Maintaining a common nuisance under IC 35-48-4-13.

- (9) An offense relating to registration, labeling, and prescription forms under IC 35-48-4-14.
- 6 (10) Conspiracy under IC 35-41-5-2 to commit an offense 7 listed in subdivisions (1) through (9).
  - (11) Attempt under IC 35-41-5-1 to commit an offense listed in subdivisions (1) through (10).
    - (12) An offense in any other jurisdiction in which the elements of the offense for which the conviction was entered are substantially similar to the elements of an offense described by subdivisions (1) through (11).
    - (h) A decision of the state emergency management agency under subsections (b) through (g) may be appealed to the commission under IC 4-21.5-3-7.
    - (i) The state emergency management agency may temporarily suspend a certificate holder's certificate under IC 4-21.5-4 before a final adjudication or during the appeals process if the state emergency management agency finds that a certificate holder would represent a clear and immediate danger to the public's health, safety, or property if the certificate holder were allowed to continue to practice.
    - (j) On receipt of a complaint or information alleging that a person certified under this chapter or IC 16-31-3.5 has engaged in or is engaging in a practice that is subject to disciplinary sanctions under this chapter, the state emergency management agency must initiate an investigation against the person.
    - (k) The state emergency management agency shall conduct a factfinding investigation as the state emergency management agency considers proper in relation to the complaint.
    - (l) The state emergency management agency may reinstate a certificate that has been suspended under this section if the state emergency management agency is satisfied that the applicant is able to practice with reasonable skill, competency, and safety to the public. As a condition of reinstatement, the state emergency management agency may impose disciplinary or corrective measures authorized under this chapter.

- 1 (m) The state emergency management agency may not reinstate 2 a certificate that has been revoked under this chapter.
  - (n) The state emergency management agency must be consistent in the application of sanctions authorized in this chapter. Significant departures from prior decisions involving similar conduct must be explained in the state emergency management agency's findings or orders.
  - (o) A certificate holder may not surrender the certificate holder's certificate without the written approval of the state emergency management agency, and the state emergency management agency may impose any conditions appropriate to the surrender or reinstatement of a surrendered certificate.
  - (p) For purposes of this section, "certificate holder" means a person who holds:
    - (1) an unlimited certificate;
    - (2) a limited or probationary certificate; or
    - (3) an inactive certificate.

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- SECTION 21. IC 16-31-3-14.5, AS AMENDED BY P.L.1-2002, SECTION 74, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 14.5. The commission state emergency management agency may issue an order under IC 4-21.5-3-6 to deny an applicant's request for certification or permanently revoke a license or certificate under procedures provided by section 14 of this chapter if the individual who holds the license or certificate issued under this title is convicted of any of the following:
  - (1) Dealing in or manufacturing cocaine, a narcotic drug, or methamphetamine under IC 35-48-4-1.
- (2) Dealing in a schedule I, II, or III controlled substance under IC 35-48-4-2.
- 30 (3) Dealing in a schedule IV controlled substance under 31 IC 35-48-4-3.
- 32 (4) Dealing in a schedule V controlled substance under 33 IC 35-48-4-4.
- 34 (5) Dealing in a substance represented to be a controlled substance under IC 35-48-4-4.5.
- 36 (6) Knowingly or intentionally manufacturing, advertising,
   37 distributing, or possessing with intent to manufacture, advertise,
   38 or distribute a substance represented to be a controlled substance

1	under IC 35-48-4-4.6.	
2	(7) Dealing in a counterfeit substance under IC 35-48-4-5.	
3	(8) Dealing in marijuana, hash oil, or hashish under	
4	IC 35-48-4-10(b).	
5	(9) Conspiracy under IC 35-41-5-2 to commit an offense listed in	
6	subdivisions (1) through (8).	
7	(10) Attempt under IC 35-41-5-1 to commit an offense listed in	
8	subdivisions (1) through (8).	
9	(11) A crime of violence (as defined in IC 35-50-1-2(a)).	
10	(12) An offense in any other jurisdiction in which the elements of	
11	the offense for which the conviction was entered are substantially	
12	similar to the elements of an offense described under subdivisions	
13	(1) through (11).	
14	SECTION 22. IC 16-31-3-17 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
15	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 17. (a) The director	
16	state emergency management agency may issue an order to may	
17	penalize an ambulance service provider or a person certified under this	
18	chapter who has practiced without a certificate in violation of this	
19	article imposing a civil penalty of not more than five hundred dollars	
20	(\$500) per occurrence. for a violation of a patient care standard or rule	
21	that is established by the commission under rules adopted under	
22	<del>IC</del> <del>4-22-2.</del>	
23	(b) A civil penalty may be imposed only after a hearing on the	
24	imposition of the penalty has been held by the director or the director's	
25	designee. Notice of the hearing must be mailed to the provider at least	
26	ten (10) days before the date set for the hearing.	
27	(c) An ambulance service provider or a person certified under this	
28	chapter who is penalized under this chapter may appeal the	
29	determination under IC 4-21.5. At the hearing, the provider or certified	
30	person is entitled to do the following:	
31	(1) Be represented by an attorney.	
32	(2) Present evidence in that person's behalf.	
33	(3) Cross-examine witnesses.	
34	(b)Adecisionofthestateemergencyman agementagencyunder	
35	subsection (a) may be appealed to the commission under	
36	IC 4-21.5-3-7.	
37	SECTION 23. IC 16-31-3-19 IS AMENDED TO READ AS	
38	FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 19. The commission	

1 shall appoint an advanced life support operations subcommittee to 2 advise the commission on the development of: 3 (1) standards for the certification of: 4 (A) provider organizations; 5 (B) paramedics; advanced medical 6 (C) emergency technicians; 7 technicians-intermediate; and 8 (D) supervising hospitals; and 9 (2) rules governing the operation of advanced life support 10 services. 11 SECTION 24. IC 16-31-3-20 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 12. FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 20. The commission 13 shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 that promote the orderly development 14 of advanced life support services in Indiana. The rules must include the 15 following: 16 (1) Requirements and procedures for the certification of provider 17 organizations, paramedics, advanced emergency medical 18 technicians, technicians-intermediate, and supervising hospitals. 19 (2) Rules governing the operation of advanced life support 20 services, including the medications and procedures that may be 21 administered and performed by paramedics and advanced 22 emergency medical technicians. technicians-intermediate. 23 SECTION 25. IC 16-31-3-21 IS AMENDED TO READ AS 24 FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 21. (a) Notwithstanding 25 any other law, a certified paramedic or an advanced a certified emergency medical technician technician-intermediate may perform 26 27 advanced life support in an emergency according to the rules of the 28 commission. 29 (b) Notwithstanding any other law, a person may, during a course 30 of instruction in advanced life support, perform advanced life support 31 according to the rules of the commission. 32 SECTION 26. IC 16-31-3-23, AS ADDED BY P.L.17-2002, 33 SECTION 5, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 34 JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 23. An emergency medical technician or advanced 35 emergency medical technician technician-basic advanced who is 36 certified under this article may administer epinephrine through an 37 auto-injector to an individual who is experiencing symptoms of an

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allergic reaction or anaphylaxis.

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SECTION 27. IC 16-31-3.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE

AS A **NEW** CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE

JULY 1, 2003]:

## **Chapter 3.5. Emergency Medical Dispatch**

- Sec. 1. (a) The definitions in this section apply throughout this chapter.
- (b) "Medical director" means a licensed physician who provides emergency medical dispatch medical direction to the emergency medical dispatch agency and works with the local emergency medical services medical director, if not the same person.
- (c) "Emergency medical dispatcher" means a person who is trained to provide emergency medical dispatch services and who is certified under this chapter.
- (d) "Emergency medical dispatching" means the reception, evaluation, processing, and provision of dispatch life support, management of requests for emergency medical assistance, and participation in ongoing evaluation and improvement of the emergency medical dispatch process. This process includes identifying the nature of the request, prioritizing the severity of the request, dispatching the necessary resources, providing medical aid and safety instructions to the callers, and coordinating the responding resources as needed, but does not include call routing itself.
- (e) "Emergency medical dispatch agency" means any person that provides emergency medical dispatching for emergency medical assistance that is certified under this chapter.
- Sec. 2. This chapter does not apply to a person who solely dispatches prescheduled emergency medical transports.
- Sec. 3. (a) An individual may not furnish, operate, conduct, maintain, or advertise services as an emergency medical dispatcher or otherwise be engaged as an emergency medical dispatcher unless that individual is certified by the commission as an emergency medical dispatcher.
- (b) A person may not furnish, operate, conduct, maintain, or advertise services as an emergency medical dispatcher or otherwise be engaged as an emergency medical dispatch agency unless certified by the commission as an emergency medical dispatch agency.

1	Sec. 4. (a) To be certified as an emergency medical dispatcher,
2	an individual must:
3	(1) meet the standards for education and training established
4	by the commission;
5	(2) successfully complete a written competency examination
6	approved by the commission; and
7	(3) pay the fee established by the commission.
8	(b)  An  emergency  medical  dispatcher  certificate  expires  two  (2)
9	years after the date of its issuance. To renew a certificate, an
10	emergency medical dispatcher must:
11	(1) meet the education and training renewal standards
12	established by the commission; and
13	(2) pay the fee established by the commission.
14	(c) An emergency medical dispatcher must follow protocols,
15	procedures, standards, and policies established by the commission.
16	(d) An emergency medical dispatcher shall keep the commission
17	informed of the entity or agency that employs or supervises the
18	dispatcher's activities as an emergency medical dispatcher.
19	(e) An emergency medical dispatcher shall report to the
20	commission whenever an action has taken place that may justify
21	the revocation or suspension of a certificate issued by the
22	commission.
23	Sec. 5. (a) To be certified as an emergency medical dispatch
24	agency, a person must:
25	(1) meet the standards established by the commission; and
26	(2) pay the fee established by the commission.
27	(b) An emergency medical dispatch agency certificate expires
28	two (2) years after the date of its issuance. To renew a certificate,
29	an emergency medical dispatch agency must:
30	(1) meet the renewal requirements established by the
31	commission; and
32	(2) pay the fee established by the commission.
33	(c) The emergency medical dispatch agency must be operated in
34	a safe, efficient, and effective manner in accordance with
35	commission approved standards that include the following
36	requirements:
37	(1) All personnel providing emergency medical dispatch
38	services must be certified as emergency medical dispatchers

by the commission before functioning alone in an online capacity.

- (2) The protocols, procedures, standards, and policies used by an emergency medical dispatch agency to dispatch emergency medical aid must comply with the requirements established by the commission.
- (3) The commission must require the emergency medical dispatch agency to appoint a dispatch medical director to provide supervision and oversight over the medical aspects of the operation of the emergency medical dispatch agency.
- (d) The commission may require the submission of periodic reports from an emergency medical dispatch agency. The emergency medical dispatch agency must submit the reports in the manner and with the frequency required by the commission.
- (e) An emergency medical dispatch agency shall report to the commission whenever an action occurs that may justify the revocation or suspension of a certificate issued by the commission.
- Sec. 6. (a) The commission must require emergency medical dispatchers to participate in continuing emergency medical dispatch education and training.
- (b) An emergency medical dispatcher education and training course must be approved by the commission and must be conducted by an instructor or instructors that meet qualifications established by the commission.
- (c) A person may not offer or conduct a training course that is represented as a course for emergency medical dispatcher certification unless the course is approved by the commission and the instructor or instructors meet the qualifications established by the commission.
- Sec. 7. The commission shall adopt rules under IC 4-22-2 to implement this chapter.

SECTION 28. IC 16-31-6-1 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 1. (a) An ambulance attendant or A certified emergency medical technician or a certified emergency medical technician-basic advanced who provides emergency ambulance medical services to an emergency patient is not liable for an act or omission in providing those services unless the act or omission constitutes negligence or willful misconduct. If the

attendant or emergency medical technician or emergency medical technician-basic advanced is not liable for an act or omission, no other person incurs liability by reason of an agency relationship with the attendant or emergency medical technician or emergency medical technician-basic advanced.

(b) This section does not affect the liability of a driver of an ambulance for negligent operation of the ambulance.

SECTION 29. IC 16-31-6-3 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 3. An act or omission of a paramedic or advanced an emergency medical technician technician-intermediate done or omitted in good faith while providing advanced life support to a patient or trauma victim does not impose liability upon the paramedic or advanced emergency medical technician technician-intermediate, the authorizing physician, the hospital, or the officers, members of the staff, nurses, or other employees of the hospital or the local governmental unit if the advanced life support is provided:

- (1) in connection with an emergency;
- (2) in good faith; and

- (3) under the written or oral direction of a licensed physician; unless the act or omission was a result of negligence or willful misconduct.
- SECTION 30. IC 16-31-6-4, AS ADDED BY P.L.156-2001, SECTION 3, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 4. (a) This section does not apply to an act or omission that was a result of gross negligence or willful or intentional misconduct.
- (b) An act or omission of a paramedic, an advanced emergency medical technician technician-intermediate, an emergency medical technician technician-basic advanced, an emergency medical technician, or a person with equivalent certification from another state that is performed or made while providing advanced life support or basic life support to a patient or trauma victim does not impose liability upon the paramedic, the advanced emergency medical technician technician-intermediate, the emergency medical technician technician technician davanced, an emergency medical technician, the person with equivalent certification from another state, a hospital, a provider organization, a governmental entity, or an employee or other

staff of a hospital, provider organization, or governmental entity if the 1 2 advanced life support or basic life support is provided in good faith: (1) in connection with a disaster emergency declared by the 3 4 governor under IC 10-4-1-7 in response to an act that the 5 governor in good faith believes to be an act of terrorism (as defined in IC 35-41-1-26.5); and 6 7 (2) in accordance with the rules adopted by the Indiana 8 emergency medical services commission or the disaster 9 emergency declaration of the governor. 10 SECTION 31. IC 16-31-8.5 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE 11 AS A **NEW** CHAPTER TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 12. JULY 1, 20031: 13 Chapter 8.5. Emergency Medical Services Fund 14 Sec. 1. As used in this chapter, "agency" refers to the state 15 emergency management agency established by IC 10-8-2-1. 16 Sec. 2. As used in this chapter, "fund" refers to the emergency 17 medical services fund established by section 3 of this chapter. Sec. 3. The emergency medical services fund is established to 18 19 defray the personal services expense, other operating expense, and 20 capital outlay of the: 21 (1) commission; and 22 (2) employees of the agency. 23 Sec. 4. The agency shall administer the fund. Expenses of 24 administering the fund shall be paid from money in the fund. 25 Sec. 5. The treasurer of state shall invest the money in the fund 26 that is not currently needed to meet the obligations of the fund in 27 the same manner as other public funds may be invested. 28 Sec. 6. Money in the fund at the end of a state fiscal year does 29 not revert to the state general fund. 30 SECTION 32. IC 25-22.5-1-2, AS AMENDED BY P.L.255-2001. 31 SECTION 17, IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE 32 JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 2. (a) This article, as it relates to the unlawful or 33 unauthorized practice of medicine or osteopathic medicine, does not 34 apply to any of the following: 35 (1) A student in training in a medical school approved by the 36 board, or while performing duties as an intern or a resident in a 37 hospital under the supervision of the hospital's staff or in a 38 program approved by the medical school.

(2) A person who renders service in case of emergency where no 1 2 fee or other consideration is contemplated, charged, or received. 3 (3) A paramedic (as defined in IC 16-18-2-266), an advanced 4 emergency medical technician technician-basic advanced (as 5 defined in <del>IC</del> 16-18-2-6 **IC** 16-18-2-112.5), an emergency medical technician-intermediate (as defined in 6 7 IC 16-18-2-112.7), an emergency medical technician (as defined 8 in IC 16-18-2-112), or a person with equivalent certification from 9 another state who renders advanced life support (as defined in 10 IC 16-18-2-7) or basic life support (as defined in 11 IC 16-18-2-33.5): 12 (A) during a disaster emergency declared by the governor 13 under IC 10-4-1-7 in response to an act that the governor in 14 good faith believes to be an act of terrorism (as defined in 15 IC 35-41-1-26.5); and 16 (B) in accordance with the rules adopted by the Indiana 17 emergency medical services commission or the disaster 18 emergency declaration of the governor. 19 (4) Commissioned medical officers or medical service officers of the armed forces of the United States, the United States Public 20 21 Health Service, and medical officers of the United States 22 Department of Veterans Affairs in the discharge of their official 23 duties in Indiana. 24 (5) An individual who is not a licensee who resides in another 25 state or country and is authorized to practice medicine or 26 osteopathic medicine there, who is called in for consultation by an 27 individual licensed to practice medicine or osteopathic medicine 28 in Indiana. 29 (6) A person administering a domestic or family remedy to a 30 member of the person's family. 31 (7) A member of a church practicing the religious tenets of the 32 church if the member does not make a medical diagnosis, 33 prescribe or administer drugs or medicines, perform surgical or 34 physical operations, or assume the title of or profess to be a 35 physician. 36 (8) A school corporation and a school employee who acts under 37 IC 34-30-14 (or IC 34-4-16.5-3.5 before its repeal).

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(9) A chiropractor practicing the chiropractor's profession under

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IC 25-10 or to an employee of a chiropractor acting under the 1 2 direction and supervision of the chiropractor under IC 25-10-1-13. 3 (10) A dental hygienist practicing the dental hygienist's profession 4 under IC 25-13. 5 (11) A dentist practicing the dentist's profession under IC 25-14. 6 (12) A hearing aid dealer practicing the hearing aid dealer's 7 profession under IC 25-20. 8 (13) A nurse practicing the nurse's profession under IC 25-23. 9 However, a registered nurse may administer anesthesia if the 10 registered nurse acts under the direction of and in the immediate 11 presence of a physician and holds a certificate of completion of a 12 course in anesthesia approved by the American Association of 13 Nurse Anesthetists or a course approved by the board. 14 (14) An optometrist practicing the optometrist's profession under 15 IC 25-24. 16 (15) A pharmacist practicing the pharmacist's profession under 17 IC 25-26. 18 (16) A physical therapist practicing the physical therapist's 19 profession under IC 25-27. 20 (17) A podiatrist practicing the podiatrist's profession under IC 25-29. 21 22 (18) A psychologist practicing the psychologist's profession under 23 IC 25-33. 24 (19) A speech-language pathologist or audiologist practicing the 25 pathologist's or audiologist's profession under IC 25-35.6. 26 (20) An employee of a physician or group of physicians who 27 performs an act, a duty, or a function that is customarily within 28 the specific area of practice of the employing physician or group 29 of physicians, if the act, duty, or function is performed under the 30 direction and supervision of the employing physician or a 31 physician of the employing group within whose area of practice 32 the act, duty, or function falls. An employee may not make a 33 diagnosis or prescribe a treatment and must report the results of 34 an examination of a patient conducted by the employee to the 35 employing physician or the physician of the employing group 36 under whose supervision the employee is working. An employee 37 may not administer medication without the specific order of the 38 employing physician or a physician of the employing group.

1	Unless an employee is licensed or registered to independently
2	practice in a profession described in subdivisions (9) through
3	(18), nothing in this subsection grants the employee independent
4	practitioner status or the authority to perform patient services in
5	an independent practice in a profession.
6	(21) A hospital licensed under IC 16-21 or IC 12-25.
7	(22) A health care organization whose members, shareholders, or
8	partners are individuals, partnerships, corporations, facilities, or
9	institutions licensed or legally authorized by this state to provide
10	health care or professional services as:
11	(A) a physician;
12	(B) a psychiatric hospital;
13	(C) a hospital;
14	(D) a health maintenance organization or limited service
15	health maintenance organization;
16	(E) a health facility;
17	(F) a dentist;
18	(G) a registered or licensed practical nurse;
19	(H) a midwife;
20	(I) an optometrist;
21	(J) a podiatrist;
22	(K) a chiropractor;
23	(L) a physical therapist; or
24	(M) a psychologist.
25	(23) A physician assistant practicing the physician assistant's
26	profession under IC 25-27.5.
27	(24) A physician providing medical treatment under
28	IC 25-22.5-1-2.1.
29	(25) An attendant who provides care services as defined in
30	IC 16-27-1-0.5.
31	(26) A personal services attendant providing authorized attendant
32	care services under IC 12-10-17.
33	(b) A person described in subsection (a)(9) through (a)(18) is not
34	excluded from the application of this article if:
35	(1) the person performs an act that an Indiana statute does not
36	authorize the person to perform; and
37	(2) the act qualifies in whole or in part as the practice of medicine
38	or osteopathic medicine.

(c) An employment or other contractual relationship between an entity described in subsection (a)(21) through (a)(22) and a licensed physician does not constitute the unlawful practice of medicine under this article if the entity does not direct or control independent medical acts, decisions, or judgment of the licensed physician. However, if the direction or control is done by the entity under IC 34-30-15 (or IC 34-4-12.6 before its repeal), the entity is excluded from the application of this article as it relates to the unlawful practice of medicine or osteopathic medicine.

- (d) This subsection does not apply to a prescription or drug order for a legend drug that is filled or refilled in a pharmacy owned or operated by a hospital licensed under IC 16-21. A physician licensed in Indiana who permits or authorizes a person to fill or refill a prescription or drug order for a legend drug except as authorized in IC 16-42-19-11 through IC 16-42-19-19 is subject to disciplinary action under IC 25-1-9. A person who violates this subsection commits the unlawful practice of medicine under this chapter.
- (e) A person described in subsection (a)(8) shall not be authorized to dispense contraceptives or birth control devices.

SECTION 33. IC 34-6-2-37.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: **Sec. 37.2.** "Emergency medical technician-basic advanced", for purposes of IC 34-18, has the meaning set forth in IC 34-18-2-12.1.

SECTION 34. IC 34-6-2-37.4 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: **Sec. 37.4.** "**Emergency medical technician-intermediate**", for purposes of IC 34-18, has the meaning set forth in IC 34-18-2-12.2.

SECTION 35. IC 34-18-2-4 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 4. "Ambulance service" means a person who employs:

- (1) emergency medical technicians;
- 34 (2) advanced emergency medical technicians; technicians-basic
   35 advanced;
- 36 (3) emergency medical technicians-intermediate; or
- (3) (4) paramedics.

38 SECTION 36. IC 34-18-2-12.1 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA

1 CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS 2 [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: **Sec. 12.1.** (a) "**Emergency medical technician-basic advanced**" has the meaning set forth in 4 IC 16-18-2-112.5.

(b) The term does not include a person while the person is operating an emergency vehicle.

SECTION 37. IC 34-18-2-12.2 IS ADDED TO THE INDIANA CODE AS A **NEW** SECTION TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: **Sec. 12.2.** (a) "**Emergency medical technician-intermediate**" has the meaning set forth in **IC 16-18-2-112.7.** 

(b) The term does not include a person while the person is operating an emergency vehicle.

SECTION 38. IC 34-18-2-14 IS AMENDED TO READ AS FOLLOWS [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003]: Sec. 14. "Health care provider" means any of the following:

- (1) An individual, a partnership, a limited liability company, a corporation, a professional corporation, a facility, or an institution licensed or legally authorized by this state to provide health care or professional services as a physician, psychiatric hospital, hospital, health facility, emergency ambulance service (IC 16-18-2-107), dentist, registered or licensed practical nurse, physician assistant, midwife, optometrist, podiatrist, chiropractor, physical therapist, respiratory care practitioner, occupational therapist, psychologist, paramedic, emergency medical technician, technician-intermediate, emergency medical technician, or a person who is an officer, employee, or agent of the individual, partnership, corporation, professional corporation, facility, or institution acting in the course and scope of the person's employment.
- (2) A college, university, or junior college that provides health care to a student, faculty member, or employee, and the governing board or a person who is an officer, employee, or agent of the college, university, or junior college acting in the course and scope of the person's employment.
- (3) A blood bank, community mental health center, community mental retardation center, community health center, or migrant

1	health center.	
2	(4) A home health agency (as defined in IC 16-27-1-2).	
3	(5) A health maintenance organization (as defined in	
4	IC 27-13-1-19).	
5	(6) A health care organization whose members, shareholders, or	
6	partners are health care providers under subdivision (1).	
7	(7) A corporation, limited liability company, partnership, or	
8	professional corporation not otherwise qualified under this section	
9	that:	
10	(A) as one (1) of its functions, provides health care;	
11	(B) is organized or registered under state law; and	
12	(C) is determined to be eligible for coverage as a health care	
13	provider under this article for its health care function.	
14	Coverage for a health care provider qualified under this	
15	subdivision is limited to its health care functions and does not	
16	extend to other causes of action.	
17	SECTION 39. THE FOLLOWING ARE REPEALED [EFFECTIVE	
18	JULY 1, 2003]: IC 10-4-1-5.5; IC 16-18-2-6; IC 16-31-3-15;	
19	IC 16-31-6.5-1; IC 34-6-2-4; IC 34-18-2-3.	
20	SECTION 40. [EFFECTIVE JULY 1, 2003] (a) Notwithstanding	
21	IC 16-31-3.5-3(a), as added by this act, the prohibition against an	
22	individual acting as an emergency medical dispatcher unless the	
23	individual is certified by the Indiana emergency medical services	
24	commission as an emergency medical dispatcher does not apply to	
25	an individual before July 1, 2005.	
26	(b) Notwithstanding IC 16-31-3.5-3(b), as added by this act, the	
27	prohibition against a person acting as an emergency medical	
28	dispatch agency unless the person is certified by the Indiana	
29	emergency medical services commission as an emergency medical	
30	dispatch agency does not apply to a person before July 1, 2005.	
31	(c) This SECTION expires July 2, 2005.".	
32	Page 6, delete lines 34 through 35, begin a new paragraph and	
33	insert:	

1	"SECTION 41. An emergency is declared for this act.".
2	Renumber all SECTIONS consecutively.
	(Reference is to SB 216 as printed January 22, 2003.)
and when so amende	d that said bill do pass.
The White by different	Sille Sile to passi
	Representative Moses